

## Watercraft Classification Definitions (Appendix A)

- **Runabout-** single hull-pointed bow, tri-hull-blunt bow, hull may be partially covered, windshield often visible. These boats are usually over 16 feet in length, and powered by a 10 horse power motor or more.
  
- **Cruiser-** super structure, flying bridge, two windshields usually visible, hull mostly covered. This craft usually has sleeping accommodations.
  
- **Sailboat-** sails often visible, single hull-long slender shape, catamaran-twin hulls visible.
  
- **Pontoon-** rectangular shape, outboard motor, pontoons extend beyond the platform. These boats are often seen with a colorful canvas top.
  
- **House Boat-** relatively large, rectangular shape, with blunt rounded bow. This superstructure is sometimes present.
  
- **Charter Boat-** excursion or party boats that are licensed by LMCD.
  
- **Fishing Boat-** any boat 14 feet or longer, used for fishing. This craft is usually out-rigged with special fishing equipment.
  
- **Personal Watercraft (PWC)-** is a watercraft less than 14 feet in length, which uses a motor powering a water jet pump. This water jet pump is its primary source of motive power. This craft is designed to be operated by a person in the sitting, standing or kneeling position, rather than in the conventional manner such as sitting or standing inside the watercraft.
  
- **Aircraft-** any contrivance invented or designed for navigation or flight in the air. The term includes aircraft equipped with floats or skis.
  
- **Miscellaneous-** This designation of watercraft includes any craft other than rowboats, 16 feet or less in length. Miscellaneous watercraft are usually unmotorized, or sometimes equipped with motors of 10 hp or less. Some examples of this miscellaneous watercraft are canoes, wet sailboards and paddleboats.